Hi there! Let's talk about Cologuard®

So, you’re ready to talk to your healthcare provider about Cologuard and colon cancer screening—great! Colon cancer screening is an important step in taking care of yourself. This discussion guide will help you make the most out of your conversation with your healthcare provider.

Before you go

Find out if Cologuard is right for you by clicking here to review information.

Discuss Cologuard with your healthcare provider.
(Keep this Discussion Guide handy to help with your conversation)

Questions to ask your healthcare provider

When thinking about your screening options, here are some questions you can ask your healthcare provider to help make the best decision:

☐ When am I due to screen for colon cancer? Should I screen right away?
☐ Everyone is either average risk or high risk for colon cancer (no one is “low risk”) — am I at average risk?
☐ Is Cologuard right for me?
☐ If I use Cologuard, how do I complete the test and how will I learn about the results?

When you’re ready, let your healthcare provider know why you are interested in Cologuard.

☐ I want to screen for colon cancer as soon as I am due.
☐ I like that Cologuard is noninvasive, there’s no prep, and I can use it at home.
☐ I know Cologuard is effective — it finds 92% of colon cancers, even in early stages.

After Cologuard is ordered

Once your healthcare provider places the order, your Cologuard kit will be delivered to your home. When it arrives, check the expiration date, and use it as soon as possible. Place the kit in your bathroom so it’s ready when you are.

Helpful resources:

- Download the Cologuard Patient Brochure (available in 12 languages)
- Read stories from people who have screened with Cologuard
- Watch the How to Use video at Cologuard.com/use

Customer Care Specialists are available 24/7 at 1-844-870-8870

Indications and Important Risk Information

Cologuard is intended to screen adults 45 years of age and older who are at average risk for colorectal cancer by detecting certain DNA markers and blood in the stool. Do not use if you have had adenomas, have inflammatory bowel disease and certain hereditary syndromes, or a personal or family history of colorectal cancer. Cologuard is not a replacement for colonoscopy in high risk patients. Cologuard performance in adults ages 45-49 is estimated based on a large clinical study of patients 50 and older. Cologuard performance in repeat testing has not been evaluated.

The Cologuard test result should be interpreted with caution. A positive test result does not confirm the presence of cancer. Patients with a positive test result should be referred for colonoscopy. A negative test result does not confirm the absence of cancer. Patients with a negative test result should discuss with their doctor when they need to be tested again. False positives and false negative results can occur. In a clinical study, 13% of people without cancer received a positive result (false positive) and 8% of people with cancer received a negative result (false negative). Rx only.